



QUANTUM Installation Manual

The information contained within this Installation Guidance Manual is provided for general information purposes only and does not take into account any specific requirements resulting from your particular location and/or site, of which Water Technology Engineering Limited (WTE) has no knowledge.

Whilst we endeavour to keep the information up to date and correct, we make no representations or warranties of any kind, express or implied, about the completeness, accuracy or reliability of the information contained within the Installation Guidance Manual.

Special attention should be paid to the siting of the tank as damage may be caused to the exterior as a result of inappropriate siting. We would advise that due to the wide variety of possible ground conditions, specialist installation advice should be sought from a suitably qualified professional as to the appropriate installation method for your particular location/site.

This manual gives details on the minimum requirements to install QUANTUM tanks. It is the responsibility of whoever is instructed to install the tank, to ensure that the installation method and materials used are suitable for the Tank and specific location/site conditions at all times of the year.

Water Technology Engineering Ltd do not accept liability for any loss or damage caused as a result of the customer's failure to ensure appropriate siting of the tank or of an unsuitable, inappropriate or incorrect installation.

When installing tanks on sites with unusual ground conditions such as high water tables, sloping ground etc. a civil engineer or suitable qualified person must be consulted to ensure that the guidance given below is suitable for the site.

Where the guidance below is not suitable for a specific site then a civil engineer or suitably qualified individual must be consulted to design a suitable installation procedure.

WTE recommends that its products are installed, or the installation works supervised, by WTE Approved Contractors.

The guidance given below is correct at time of publication but may vary due to continued product development.

Installation Record Sheet

Once completed, a copy of this sheet must be returned to WTE either by post (WTE Ltd, Unit 2, Bolton Lane, York, YO41 5QX) or email (sales@wte-ltd.co.uk).

All boxes must be filled in (pump serial number only applies to tanks with an effluent pumping station) in order to validate the warranties.

Installation refers to the tank's physical placement, backfilling and electrical connection.

Commissioning refers to the setting up of the system – air blower(s), sludge returns, aeration, etc.

Please contact our sales office on 01759 369 915 to book a tank commission.

WTE Reference This can be found at the top right hand side of the Delivery Note	
SITE	
Contact Name	
Address	
Post Code	
Contact Phone Number	
Contact Email	
INSTALLATION	
Date	
Company	
Name of Installer	
Company / Installer Address	
Phone Number	
COMMISSIONING	
Date	
Company	
Name of Engineer	
Company / Engineer Address	
Phone Number	
COMPONENTS	
Air Blower Serial Number Larger systems may have two air blowers.	
Air Blower Backpressure A reading, and photo of the reading, must be recorded for <u>every</u> air blower to validate blower warranty. A copy of the photo must accompany this form.	
Discharge Pump Serial Number (if fitted) Larger systems may have two pumps.	

Introduction

QUANTUM is a sewage treatment plant designed to process wastewater from buildings that do not have access to municipal wastewater infrastructure.

The QUANTUM system provides an ideal solution for domestic homes, offices, and other small sites that require on site wastewater treatment.

QUANTUM is made from HDPE and is divided into three chambers with each chamber performing a different step in the treatment process.

1. Wastewater enters the Vibro Screen where any solids are physically broken down by coarse air bubbles.
2. The wastewater then flows into the aeration chamber where it is aerated by a fine bubble diffuser. The fine air bubbles provide excellent oxygen transfer into the wastewater slurry and enable a bacterial culture to develop. These aerobic bacteria then digest pollutants in the wastewater and clean it.
3. The cleaned wastewater then enters the Final Settlement Tank where settleable and floating solids are allowed to form a sludge at the bottom and top of the chamber. The clean effluent in the middle of the chamber is separated off and allowed to leave the tank. The sludge management system continually recycles the settled and floating sludge for further digestion.

QUANTUM is designed to treat wastewater that is domestic in nature. The influent must not contain trade waste. If you require advice, please contact our office.

QUANTUM is designed to receive wastewater only, no rainwater, surface water or groundwater may enter the tank.

QUANTUM is designed to treat wastewater only. The influent must not contain any roof water, surface water or groundwater.

WTE Ltd strongly recommends that QUANTUM tanks are installed by contractors who have been trained on the system's installation and operation.

Please contact our sales office for details of your nearest installer.

Health & Safety

Sewage poses a serious risk to health.

Pathogens in sewage and wastewater can lead to many diseases such as:

Campylobacteriosis	Hepatitis A	Shigellosis
Cryptosporidiosis	HIV	Paratyphoid Fever
Escherichia coli Diarrhoea	Leptospirosis	Typhoid Fever
Encephalitis	Methaemoglobinaemia	Yersiniosis
Gastroenteritis	Poliomyelitis	
Giardiasis	Salmonellosis	

Every precaution should be taken to ensure a safe working environment.

Receipt of Goods

Upon delivery all goods must be inspected for damage and to ensure that all components are present.

If the QUANTUM tank is damaged or any of the components are damaged or missing then this must be recorded on the P.O.D. (proof of delivery document) and WTE Ltd must be notified immediately.

If goods are damaged or items are missing but the P.O.D. has been signed for as either undamaged or unchecked, WTE Ltd will be unable to exchange the goods in question or supply additional items free of charge.

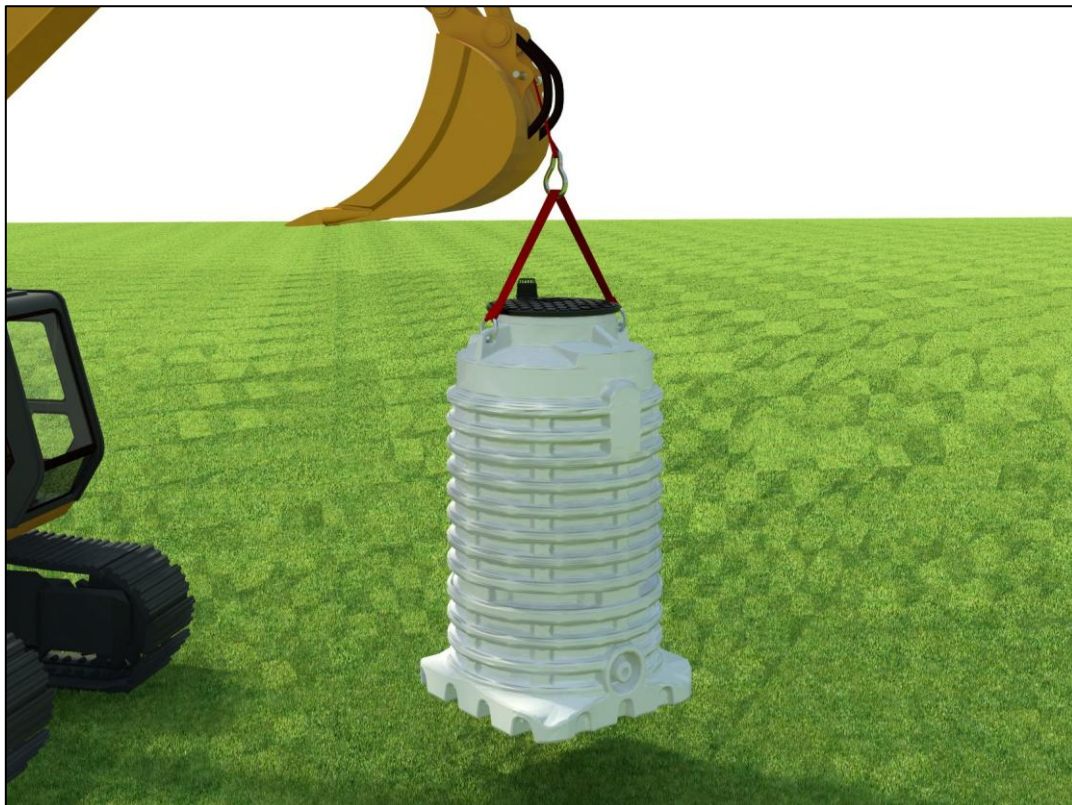
If the tank is not going to be used immediately, all electrical components must be removed from the tank and stored in a dry place.

Handling & Storing

The tank should only be lifted if it is empty.

When lifting the tank both parts of the lid should be in place to prevent the tank distorting.

The tank should be lifted via a rated strap placed through the lifting eyes as shown below. If the straps press against the turret of the tank then a spreader bar must be used.



The tanks should be stored vertically on a smooth and level surface. Wherever possible the tanks should not be stored on pallets.

In warm weather (>15°C) the tanks should be stored in a cool, shaded location if possible.

Installation - Below Ground

The method of installation is dependant of the site's ground conditions.

Sites are divided into four categories:

- Dry Site** Where ground water or the water table does not rise above the base of the excavation at any time of the year.
- Semi Wet Site** Where ground water or the water table rises, or is suspected to rise, to 500mm or less above the base of the tank.
- Wet Site** Where ground water or the water table rises, or is suspected to rise, to 1,400mm or less above the base of the tank.
- Saturated Site** Where ground water or the water table rises, or it suspected to rise, above the tank outlet.

QUANTUM is suitable for installation in Dry and Semi Wet Sites.

Do not undertake any concrete work if the temperature is likely to drop below freezing within the following 24 hours.

Ensure the area is secure before undertaking any works.

It is essential that the QUANTUM tank does not flood. The tank must be installed so that surface water does not pool around the tank as this can cause the tank and Blower Tray to fill with water (please note that the Blower Tray does have drainage holes). If there is any doubt, install the tank so that the top of the turret is 25mm above ground level.

If required, a separate Blower Housing can be supplied.

Dry Site Installation

Excavate a hole that is 200mm greater than the diameter of the tank.

The excavation should be sufficiently deep so that the tank inlet is at the same depth as the incoming drain from the building.

The tank must be placed a smooth, level and stable base. This base must be suitable for the site specific ground conditions and soil structure. It must also be suitable for the operating weight of the QUANTUM tank. The tank must be able to distribute its weight evenly across the whole base.

The base must be free of any sharp objects or other objects that may puncture the tank.

A 150mm reinforced C28/35 concrete base is often the preferred option for many sites

If the ground contains high levels of contaminants, including for example sulphate or chloride, this concrete mix will not be suitable. In these circumstances the advice of a qualified civil or structural engineer should be sought.

The tank should be safely lowered into the excavation using suitable rated straps.

Once the tank is in position the inlet and outlet pipes should be connected to the respective drainage pipes.

Inlet = **black** socket

The void around the tank should be backfilled with soft sand. The sand should be free of stones and sharp objects. The backfilling should be done in 200mm layers and tamped by hand so ensure that there are no voids.

Do not pour backfill material directly onto the tank.

During backfilling the lid should be closed to prevent the backfill material from being poured in to the QUANTUM plant. This is also required to ensure that the tank retains its shape.

During backfilling the tank should be filled with clean water. The water level inside the tank should lead the backfill by 200mm.

Prior to filling the tank with water, the diffuser assembly (rigid vertical air pipe) in the Biozone that supplies air to the fine bubble diffuser, must be pushed down to ensure it is correctly seated in the bracket at the base of the tank. This is to ensure that the diffuser is captive and cannot move post installation. To ensure that the diffuser assembly cannot rise, the top elbow must be cable tied to the bracket at the top of the baffle as shown below.



The last 200-300mm of backfilling should be done with top soil. The top soil must be loose and free from stones, clay and sharp objects. The top soil should be laid and tamped in the same way as the sand.

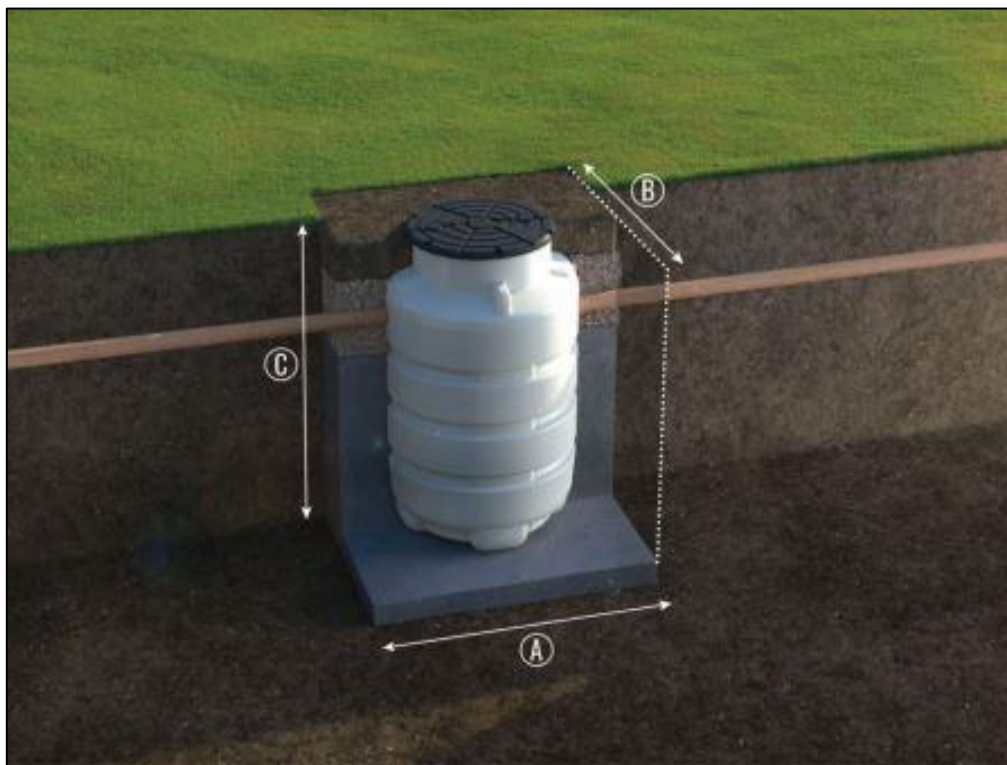
Semi Wet Site Installation

If required the site should be dewatered prior to, during and after the installation of the QUANTUM tank via the use of a side sump or other appropriate dewatering method. During dewatering it is

essential that cement and other constituents are not drawn out of the concrete by the action of the dewatering pumps.

Depending on site conditions the excavation may require shuttering to prevent it from collapsing.

Independent engineering advice should be sought if there is any doubt regarding these issues.



Excavation	QUANTUM 6	QUANTUM 8 & 10
Length (A)	1,650mm	2,250mm
Width (B)	1,650mm	2,250mm
Depth (C)	Height of tank +150mm	Height of tank +150mm



Backfill	Semi Wet Site
Base (D)	150mm
Concrete (E)	1,400mm
Sand/Gravel (F)	To suit
Soil (G)	200mm

Excavate a square excavation to the dimensions above.

Ensure that the excavation sides are properly and fully supported throughout the works, with all water being pumped away to ensure that the excavation is kept dry.

Place concrete onto a dry formation to a depth of 150mm using a semi-dry C28/35 mix to BS EN 206-1 / BS 8500. (Max aggregate Size: 40mm, Consistence class: S1)

If the ground contains high levels of contaminants, including for example sulphate or chloride, this concrete mix will not be suitable. In these circumstances the advice of a qualified civil or structural engineer should be sought.

Compact and finish with a tamped and level surface.

Place the tank onto the concrete formation.

Ensure the tank is level and connect the outlet and inlet pipes.

Inlet = **black** socket

Fill the tank with 300mm of clean water.

Ensure the tank is secure and surround the tank to the depth 'C' given in Table A with a semi-dry C28/35 mix to BS EN 206-1 / BS 8500. (Max aggregate Size: 40mm, Consistence class: S1). Ensure filling is brought up on each side of the tank in a uniform and even manner.

Do not pour backfill material directly onto the tank.

The concrete backfill should be poured in 200mm layers with each layer being tamped by hand to eliminate voids. A vibrating poker must not be used.

Prior to filling the tank with water, the rigid vertical air pipe (in larger systems there is more than one) in the Biozone that supplies air to the fine bubble diffuser, must be pushed down to ensure it is correctly seated in the bracket at the base of the tank. This is to ensure that the diffuser is captive and cannot move post installation.

The tank must be filled with clean water during backfilling. The water inside the tank should lead the concrete backfill by 300mm.

Prior to filling the tank with water, the diffuser assembly (rigid vertical air pipe) in the Biozone that supplies air to the fine bubble diffuser, must be pushed down to ensure it is correctly seated in the bracket at the base of the tank. This is to ensure that the diffuser is captive and cannot move post installation. To ensure that the diffuser assembly cannot rise, the top elbow must be cable tied to the bracket at the top of the baffle as shown below.



During backfilling the lid should be closed to prevent the backfill material from being poured into the QUANTUM plant. This is also required to ensure that the tank retains its shape.

Note that the electric cable must be installed prior to backfilling over the shoulder of the tank.

Finish with a hand tamped level surface.

Ensure excavation is kept free from water for at least 3 days (may reduce to 1 day in very warm weather). This is to allow the concrete to set.

The water in the tank must remain in place until the concrete has fully cured.

Once the concrete has set the excavation should be backfilled with sand or gravel. Filling is to be undertaken uniformly on each side to prevent uneven loading on the tank.

The last 200mm should be backfilled with topsoil.

Installation – Above Ground

The tank must be placed a smooth, level and stable base. This base must be suitable for the site specific ground conditions and soil structure. It must also be suitable for the operating weight of the QUANTUM tank.

The tank must be able to distribute its weight evenly across the whole base.

The base must be free of any sharp objects or other objects that may puncture the tank.

A 200-300mm reinforced concrete base is often the preferred option on many sites

For sites where the winter temperature may drop below 0°C the QUANTUM must be insulated against the cold.

A possible method of insulating the QUANTUM is to construct a solid wall, 50mm shorter than height of the tank, around the QUANTUM unit. There should be a gap of at least 200mm between the tank and the wall and the gap can be filled with compacted sand or other insulative material.

Air Line Connections

There two air lines (hoses) inside the tank that must be connected to the Blower Tray or Blower Housing.

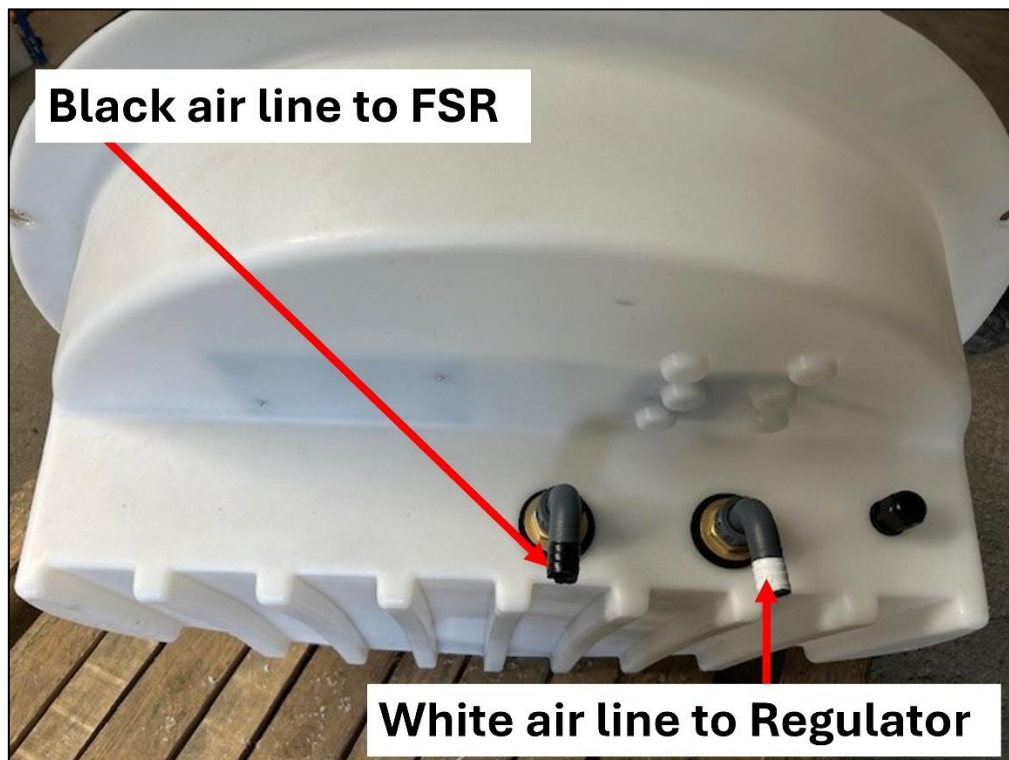
WHITE = Regulator

BLACK = FSR (Floating Sludge Return) – operated by the solenoid valve.

Blower Tray

Tanks with a Blower Tray under the Lid are delivered with the two air lines connected.

For installation the hoses must be disconnected and reattached to the Blower Tray once backfilling is finished.



Blower Housing

Blower Housings can be sited up to 10m from the tank.

Using 110mm pipe, a duct must be run underground to connect the Tank to the Blower Housing.

The duct is for:

- White Air Line
- Black Air Line
- Pump Power Cable (Pumped outlet tanks)
- High Level Alarm (HLA) cable (Pumped outlet tanks)

Every effort should be taken to ensure the duct connects the Blower Housing to the tank in a straight line. Where bends are necessary, they must be sweeping (long radius) bends.

The tank is supplied with a rubber seal for 110mm pipe.

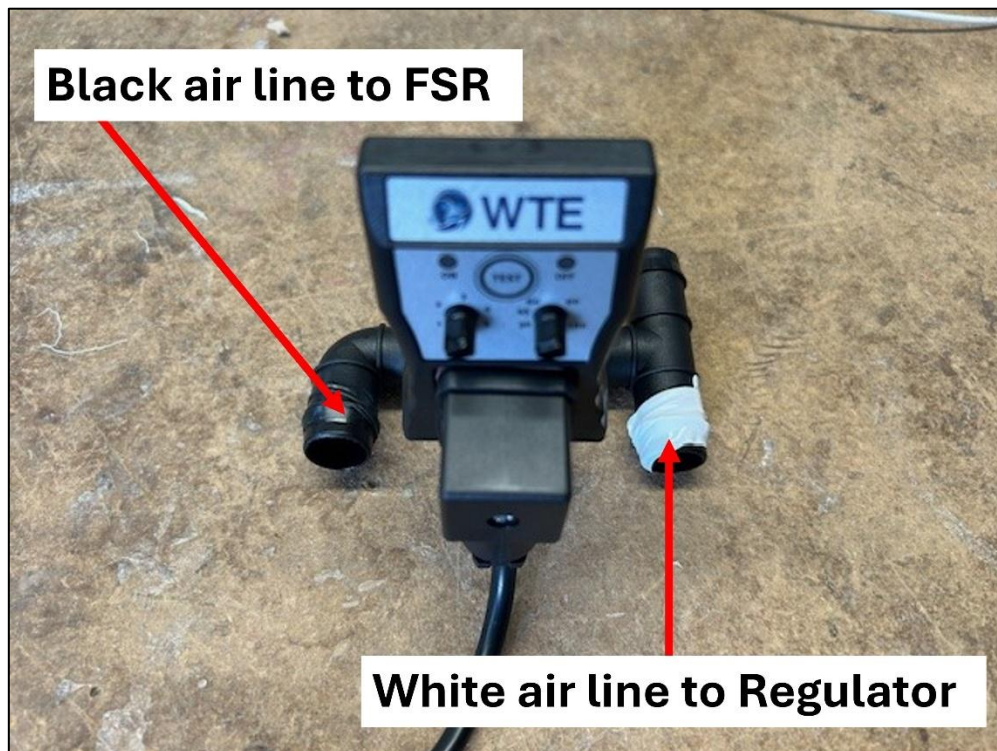
The seal is installed in the neck of the tank as shown in yellow below.

A 138mm-140mm hole saw is required to cut a hole for the seal. We can supply a suitable hole saw if required.



Once the duct has been connected, the air lines and cables (if present) must be pulled through the duct and any excess length removed.

The air lines are connected to the Solenoid Valve as shown below.



Once all connections have been made, both ends of the ducts must be sealed with expanding foam. **This is required to validate the electrical warranty.**

Pumped Outlets

Pumped outlet tanks are set up in the factory but the pump may move during transit.

It is important that the pump is checked to make sure it is positioned in a way that the float switch has full freedom of movement and cannot catch on anything.

Extension Turret

Extension Turrets are available for deeper inverts and are supplied as a kit.

The Turret Extension can be cut down on each rib to give the required height.

Both the Turret and Turret Extension must be clean and dry.

Butyl sealant must applied to the top of the tank turret as shown below.

If the tank has a Blower Tray then this must be removed prior to fitting the Extension Turret. The Blower Tray is always located under the lid of the tank.





The Turret Extension is then placed onto the Turret and fixed with the 12 screws provided as shown below. The screws must be evenly spaced at approximately 215mm intervals.



Once the Extension Turret has been fitted, the brass lid fixings must be installed as follows:

1. Place the Lid on the Extension Turret and mark the position of the fixing holes.
2. Remove the Lid.
3. Drill a 10mm hole on each mark.
4. Drill the brass insert into the hole using a 6mm Hex bit.

The top of the brass insert must be flush with the top of the Extension Turret.

Do not over insert.

Trafficked Installation

QUANTUM tanks may be installed in a trafficked location.

The QUANTUM tank is not designed to be load bearing so a suitable reinforced transfer slab must be laid with a rated 900mm x 900mm clear opening cover and frame over the tank turret. Please note that the moulded QUANTUM lid is not required.

B125 and D400 covers and frames are available from our sales office.

For a trafficked installation, a separate Blower Housing is required as the air blower must be sited remotely and not in the turret of the tank. See **Air Line Connections**

Blower Housings can be purchased from our sales office.

Electrical Installation

All electrical work must be carried out by qualified personnel, using suitable materials and must comply with current regulations.

All electrical items must be sited and installed so that wherever possible a service engineer has full access to the system without requiring entry to a building.

The electrical contractor must provide a steel wire armoured (SWA) cable from a local fused point of isolation to the socket in the Blower Housing.

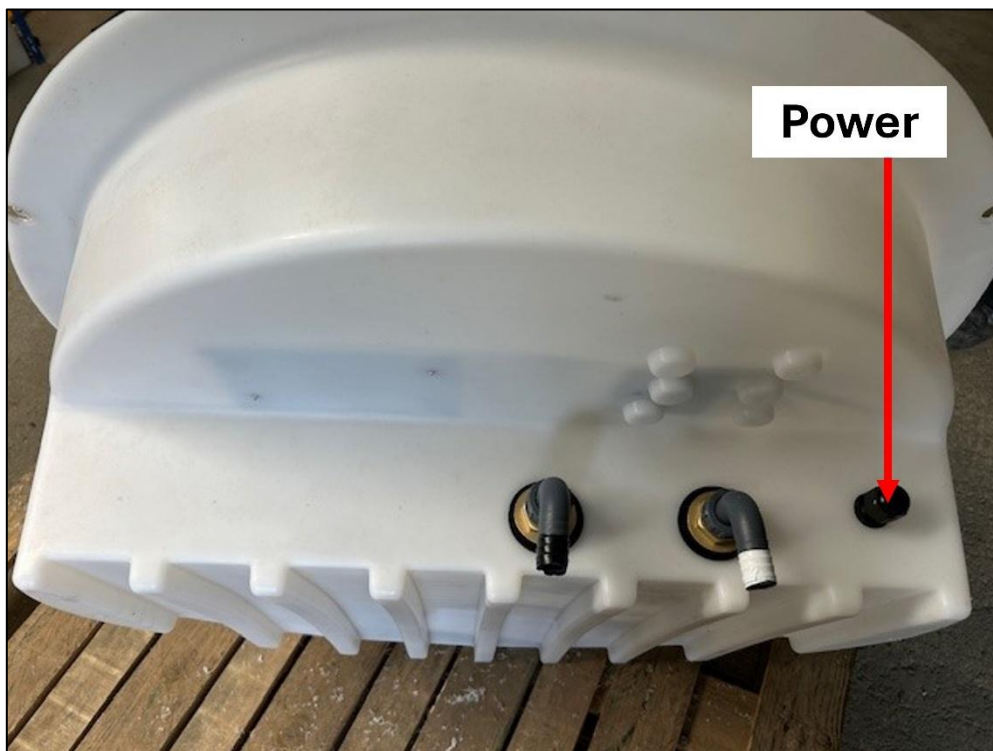
Cable protection should be provided via 6 amp miniature circuit breaker (MCB) protected by residual current detector (RCD), rated 230V, AC and tripping current 0.03 amps.

The incoming electric cable should come through the metal compression gland provided. See images below. The plastic within the moulded brass insert must be drilled out to allow the passage of the cable.





The power cable must enter the Blower Tray through the compression gland as shown below.



If the tank has a pumped outlet:

The equipment in the Blower Housing is pre-assembled. The power supply cable should be connected and terminated into the socket provided with a suitable gland (not provided).

It is very important that there is sufficient slack cable inside the tank to enable the Blower Tray to be removed.

Solenoid Timer

The timer that operates the solenoid valve should be delivered pre-set so that it energises the solenoid as follows:

ON (Valve Open)	OFF (Valve Closed)
1 mins	30 mins

Both dials should be turned fully to the left.

The solenoid valve will then open for approximately 1 minute and then close for approximately 30 minutes where upon the cycle is repeated.

Ventilation

All Sewage Treatment Plants will produce methane and other gasses that **must** be vented out of the tank.

In the case of Sewage Treatment Plants where air is blown into the system there must be sufficient ventilation to allow this air to be expelled from the lid of the tank.

The most common method of ventilation is to utilise the soil vent stack on the outside of the building. This provides an open duct for air, methane and other gasses to be expelled from the tank.

Alternatively, a 110mm vent can be spurred of either the inlet or the outlet pipe (gravity outlet tanks only).

Commissioning

All that is required to commission a QUANTUM is:

- Set the Regulator so that the tank aerates correctly.
- Set the Backpressure

A Pressure Gauge is required to commission any sewage treatment plant with an air blower.

If the backpressure is checked using an analogue gauge, the gauge must not exceed 600mbar. If it does, then it will not be sufficiently accurate for a reading to be taken.

Digital gauges must be accurate to +/-1% or better.

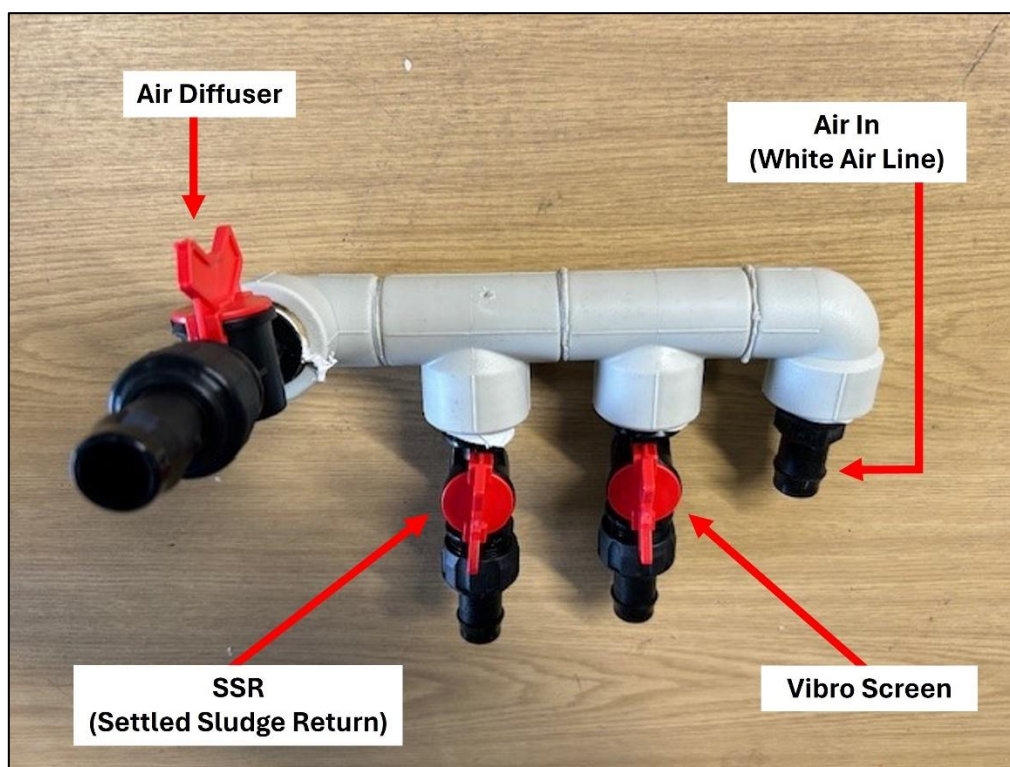
Digital and analogue gauges can be purchased from our sales office.

Setting the Regulator

Fit a Pressure Gauge between the Air Blower and Solenoid Valve as shown below.



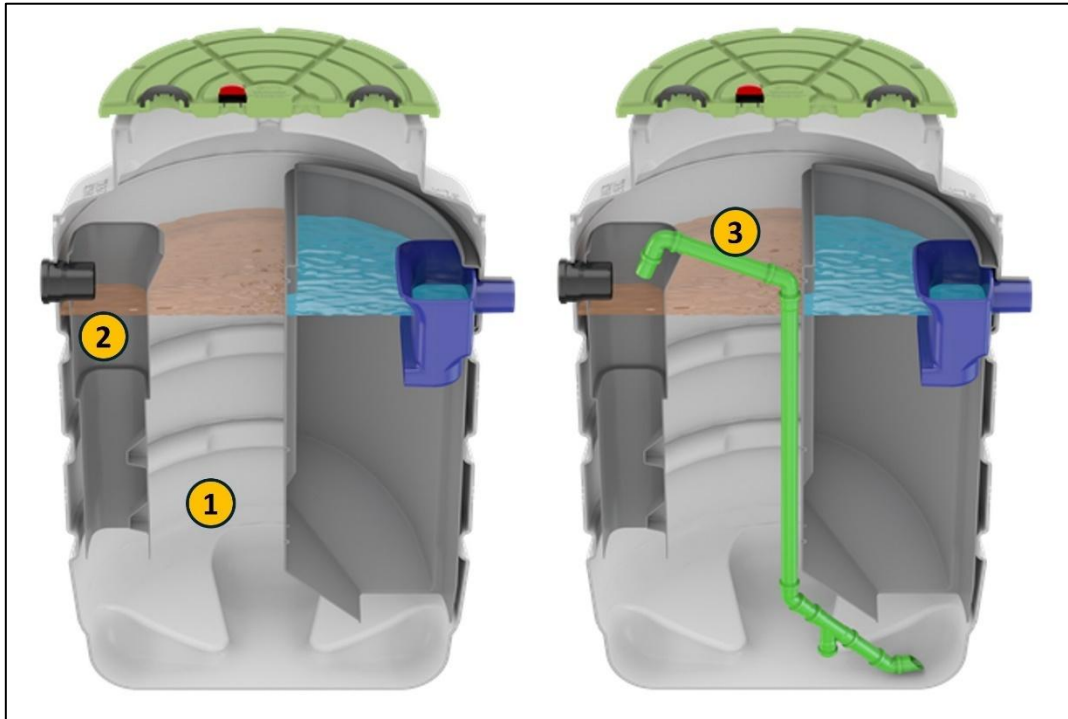
The aeration in the tank must be set by adjusting the valves on the Regulator inside the tank. See picture below.



Start with the Diffuser valve fully open and the SSR and Vibro Screen valves closed. This will send all the air to the Diffuser in the Biozone.

Slowly and incrementally open the SSR and Vibro Screen valves until the following is seen inside the tank:

Zone		Description
Biozone	1	This should be very active with lots of aeration and water circulation.
Vibro Screen	2	This should look like vigorously boiling water.
SSR	3	This should be a strong "pulsing" flow.



Setting the Backpressure

Once the aeration in the tank is correct, the backpressure must be set.

The backpressure should be set as close to 200mbar as possible. The pressure must not be less than 150mbar and must not exceed 200mbar.

When the valve for the Diffuser is fully open the backpressure will probably be 160-190mbar.

The easiest way to **increase** the backpressure is to slowly close the valve for the Diffuser.

The easiest way to **decrease** the backpressure is to slowly open the valves for the Vibro Screen and SSR.

When opening and closing the valves on the Regulator, the correct aeration inside the tank must be maintained.

The final backpressure reading(s) must be noted on the **Installation Record Sheet** and the completed sheet returned to our office.

A photo of each reading must be taken and emailed to sales@wte-ltd.co.uk. The email subject/title must include the invoice number for the tank. The invoice number can be found on the top right hand side of the delivery note attached to the tank.

If the installation record sheet and photo are not returned to us the blower warranty will not be valid.

If the backpressure is checked using an analogue gauge, the gauge must not exceed 600mbar. If it does, then it will not be sufficiently accurate for a reading to be taken.

Digital gauges must be accurate to +/-1% or better.

Digital and analogue gauges can be purchased from our sales office.

If you would like us to commission your tank for you, please contact our sales office on 01759 369 915 or sales@wte-ltd.co.uk.